

Answers to multiple-choice questions

The correct answer to each question is shown in **bold font**.

Section 4: Environmental change

- 1 The form of modern farming that refers to the industrialised production of livestock, poultry, fish and crops is known as:
 - A industrial farming
 - B agro-industrialisation**
 - C intensive farming
 - D factory farming

- 2 The distance food travels from the point of production to the point of consumption is referred to as:
 - A food distance
 - B food journey
 - C food miles**
 - D food gap

- 3 The world's leading exporter of beef is:
 - A Brazil**
 - B Argentina
 - C the USA
 - D Australia



- 4 The Chinese government has estimated that in that country polluted water is drunk by:
- A 100 million people
 - B 200 million people
 - C 300 million people**
 - D 400 million people
- 5 Pollution is said to be a major ____?____ of industrial and urban areas:
- A externality**
 - B consequence
 - C plague
 - D result
- 6 One-off pollution events are termed:
- A individual pollution
 - B incidental pollution**
 - C sole pollution
 - D single pollution
- 7 Chernobyl is in:
- A Russia
 - B Belarus
 - C Poland
 - D Ukraine**
- 8 The nuclear accident at Chernobyl occurred in:
- A 1966
 - B 1976
 - C 1986**
 - D 1996



- 9 The Bhopal pollution disaster occurred in:
- A Bangladesh
 - B Sri Lanka
 - C India**
 - D Pakistan
- 10 The major BP oil spill which began in April 2010 was in the:
- A North Atlantic
 - B Gulf of Mexico**
 - C Persian Gulf
 - D Indian Ocean
- 11 The Pearl river delta is in:
- A South Korea
 - B the Philippines
 - C Malaysia
 - D China**
- 12 Greenpeace was founded in:
- A Vancouver**
 - B New York
 - C London
 - D Paris
- 13 Greenpeace has achieved most success in:
- A North America
 - B Europe**
 - C Asia
 - D Australia



- 14** Large retail areas with generally free parking located along key arterial and ring roads are known as:
- A retail estates
 - B retail concentrations
 - C retail centres
 - D retail parks**
- 15** The land use zone immediately adjacent to the edge of the built-up area of a city is the:
- A rural–urban fringe**
 - B suburban fringe
 - C outer urban fringe
 - D countryside fringe
- 16** The development of urban settlement can be seen as a sequence known as the:
- A cycle of urbanisation**
 - B path of urbanisation
 - C route of urbanisation
 - D circle of urbanisation
- 17** Gurgaon is a satellite city of:
- A Mumbai
 - B Chennai
 - C Delhi**
 - D Kolkata